EML2322L - MAE Design and Manufacturing Laboratory

TA Outline (Assigned Parts)

- Remind students to sign the attendance roster in the correct location
- Improper Shoes: students receive an 'S' next to their signature in the roster, are told to return for a later lab and that two violations count as an unexcused absence
- No Safety Sheets: students receive an 'SS' next to their signature in the roster, are given a lab copy to use and are told to that two violations count as an unexcused absence
- Improper Pants: students receive a 'P' next to their signature in the roster and are told to return for a later lab and that two violations count as an unexcused absence
- Remember to remove all jewelry & watches, tuck in loose clothing, and tie back long hair
- Make sure all students are wearing glasses; aprons are optional
- Part drawings were distributed and the tolerance table explained via e-mail
- Assign work groups (already e-mailed to students) and storage bins at the beginning of class

Milling Machine Part:

- All surfaces should be finished (i.e. machined) as listed under the drawing NOTES
- Review tolerance table with students (main purpose is to organize drawing)
- Discuss nominal part/stock sizes as they relate to general dimensions/tolerances
- Show proper use of dial calipers and cover Caliper Safety from the safety sheets
- Teach students about workpiece deburring using a vise, file and deburring tools
- 1. Face ¹/₂" x 4" sides (lock *spindle clamp*; don't need parallels; file edges after cutting each side)
- 2. Face 2" x 4" sides (use 1.625" parallels (2nd from right side); file edges after cutting each side)
- 3. Square off ¹/₂" x 2" ends so you can make a proper measurement (use parallels & overhang left side of the vise); perform light *finish cuts* at full ¹/₂" depth of cut (DOC) axially and .020" radially; zero DRO on final pass on second side (don't take part out of vise); ensure students place a hand on the table to sense vibration when taking these cuts since they are deep
- 4. Finish machining 4" length; cut 0.100" max in X per pass at full ¹/₂" DOC; cut slowly with hand on table; leave 0.020" material in X direction for finish pass; zero DRO on final pass
- 5. Cut ¹/₄" slot in plate; zero the Z-axis; take 0.100" deep *roughing cuts*; leave 0.020" material in X & Z directions for finish pass at full ¹/₄" DOC; **cut slowly with hand on table**
- 6. Show students proper use of *cylindrical edge finder* to locate *feature datums*; rotate edge finder approx. 1000 rpm; **stop spindle before resetting the edge finder** with your finger; remember to **offset 0.1**" for the radius of the edge finder; demo on vise and let students find their two zeros.
- 7. Drill all 9 holes using *center drill* (1600 rpm); explain purpose of center drill
- 8. Drill 4 tapped holes thru using 0.157" tap drill (1400 rpm); explain tap chart
- 9. Drill remaining 5 holes using 0.196" clearance drill (1200 rpm); explain clearance hole sizes
- 10. Drill center mounting hole thru 1/64" under 5/16" (~0.298", 700 rpm) in preparation to use *reamer*; **explain the purpose/use of the reamer**
- 11. Finish drilling shaft mounting hole using reamer (500 rpm, stay in HI range)
- 12. Use the *countersink* tool to finish the 4 clearance holes (500 rpm); use calipers to judge when the countersink diameter is close to 0.42" (turn off machine when making measurements); **teach students to use** *depth stop*
- 13. Tap the four threaded holes using the *spring loaded tap guide* and *10-24 UNC taper tap*; use oil; load tap guide in collet so you don't have to lower the Z-axis so far; remind students to reverse the tap often and **use air before final tap retraction**

- 14. Flip part on its side; use the cylindrical edge finder to locate the feature datums; drill the set screw hole (center drill; 0.157" tap drill); use this as a quiz to evaluate students' retention
- 15. Tap set screw hole using a standard taper tap; be careful to stop before the threads end on the tap
- 16. Finish threading the hole all the way thru using a 10-24 UNC bottoming tap
- 17. Debur & stamp team number into part **on a scrap board on the wooden mill table (not countertops)**; **call out** *ears* before striking the part the first time to forewarn others of the noise

Lathe Part:

- All surfaces should be finished (i.e. machined) as listed under the drawing NOTES
- Review tolerance table with students (main purpose is to organize drawing)
- Discuss nominal part/stock sizes as they relate to general dimensions/tolerances
- Show proper use of **dial calipers** and cover *Caliper Safety* from the safety sheets
- Explain radius vs. diameter motions on the lathe once you start machining the part
- 1. Clamp part with AT LEAST 1" inside the chuck jaws and 2.5" extending out of the chuck
- 2. Face end of workpiece (0.020" should be sufficient; 600 rpm)
- 3. Turn OD along length of part so it's round; discuss diameter tolerance with group
- 4. Turn shoulder on end of workpiece; 0.100" MAX depth of cut (DOC) **on the radius;** leave 0.010" material in Z direction for finish pass to clean up the shoulder
- 5. Turn chamfers using Z axis; verify size using the dial calipers
- 6. Cut off workpiece 1/8" oversize on Marvel bandsaw; perform Marvel safety training; show students how to clamp parts in vise securely
- 7. Cut 2" OD of hub to proper length on the lathe (0.50"); debur edge using file (be sure to reduce the speed to the slowest setting in HI range and file left-handed)
- 8. Drill center hole thru workpiece; start with *center drill* (600 rpm so we don't spin the chuck too fast for the students); then **1/4**" **drill** (600 rpm)
- 9. Drill center hole 1/64" under 5/16" (~0.298") in preparation to use *reamer*; explain the process / purpose of reamer to the students (600 rpm)
- 10. Finish drilling center hole using reamer (500 rpm)
- 11. Drill and tap the 3 holes on face of hub using the TM-2 (program: *LABHUB.NC*):
 - a. load and probe part (make sure top surface of hub is flush with top of vise jaws)
 - b. drill thru using 0.157" screw machine drill (it's a *split point drill*, so no need for center drill and it's shorter and stiffer than the normal *jobber drill*)
 - c. use *rigid tapping* to automatically thread the 10-24 UNC holes the proper depth
- 12. FINISH PART ON MANUAL MILLING MACHINE
- 13. Clamp part on its side; use *conical edge finder* to locate the surface datums; drill the set screw holes (center drill followed by 0.157" tap drill)
- 14. Tap the set screw holes using a *10-24 UNC taper tap*; load tap guide in collet so you don't have to lower the Z-axis so far; be careful to stop before the end of the tap bottoms out inside the hub center hole; **finish with** *10-24 UNC bottoming tap*
- 15. Debur the tapped holes using extended length deburring tool & stamp team number into part **on a** scrap board on the wooden mill table (not countertops); call out *ears* before striking the part the first time to forewarn others of the noise